and hopless, I the more belong, Father Supreme, to safe. O mireiful on thou art most near friends pass by my weaknesses to shun thy char of I hear.

Thy glorious face
ning toward ne—and its noly light
in upon my lonely dwelling place.
And there is no more night. On my bended knee ognize Thy purpose clearly shown— vision thou hast dimmed that I may see Thyself, thyself alone. I have naught to fear!
darkness is the shadow of Thy wing,
arth it I am almost sacred—here
Can come no evil thing.

O! I seem to stand mbling where foot of mortal ne'er hath Wrapped in the radiance of that sinless land, Which eye bath never seen.

Visions come and go—
Shapes of resplendent beauty round me throng,
From angel lips I seem to hear the flow
Or soft and holy song. It is nothing now,

When heaven is opening on my sightless eyes, When airs from Paradise refresh my brow, That earth in darkness lies. In a purer clime My being fills with rapture—waves of thought Roll in upon my spirit—strains cublime Break over me unsought.

Give me now my lyre;
I feel the stirrings of a gift divine,
Within my bosom glows unearthly fire,
Lit by no skill of mine.
—Elizabeth Lloyd Howell.

MISSISSIPPE,

A DUEL IN MUSSISSIPPI.- Expectation which has been on tip-toe for nearly a week concerning the anticipated duel between Alderman Prados and Mr. Louis R. Simmons, can now find rest. A hostile meeting took place between these gentlemen in Misalssippt near the town of Magnolia. Hap-pily neither of them were wounded, and only one shot was exchanged. An amicable arrangement was then entered into and they returned to the city by the 11 o'clock train, Sunday night. There is but one senment throughout the community, and that ratification at the adjustment of a difficulally regretted .- N. O. Picayune.

lady, who had for the past two years beet keeping a snack house on Main street, opposite the Depot. The circumstances so far as we have been able to learn them, in regard to this fiendish and brutal murder, are as

Mrs. Patrick, the unfortunate victim came to our town some two or three years since, rented a small store house on Main street. maintaining herself and family by selling confectioneries and furnising the public with meals. She was regarded, we understand, as an inoffensive, frugal, and industrisold lady, who was striving hard to make But to the circumstances. On Sunday norning, about 2 o'clock, the assassin aphed the back door of the establishmen waking her by rapping on th oor, called her and told her to get up, and t him in, as he wanted to get a snack. She loor with home in hand and asked, "who

apprehension and delivery of the culprit l are otherwise using every exertion in sir power, to work up this most myste-

commission of similar outrages.

Learn to Meep House.

No young lady can be too well instruct ted in anything which will affect the com-fort of a family. Whatever position in so clety she occupies, she needs a practical knowledge of household duties. She may be placed in such circumstances that it will not be necessary for her to perform muci domestic labor; but on this account she needs no less knowledge that if she was obliged to preside personally over the cooking stove and the pantry. Indeed, I have thought it is more difficult to direct otherand requires more experience, than to de Young people cannot realize the impor tance of thorough knowledge of housewife ry; but those who have suffered the incon-venience and mortification of ignorance car well appreciate it. Children should early be indulged in their disposition to bake and experiment in various ways. It is often but a troublesome help that they afford: still it is of great advantage to them. I know a listle girl who at nine years old made a loaf of bread every week during the winter. Her mother target her too made. ast, salt and flour to use, and she became Some mothers give their daughters the tare of hous-keeping each a week by turns. It seems to me a good arrangement and a most useful part of their education.

BRILLIANT WEDDING.—There was a brilliant wedding in New York on the 13th inst. in the Fifth Avenue Dutch Retormed Church, the bride being Mrs. Gilderslieve the well known authoress, and the groom Mr. Smith Longstreet, a relative of the reb ieneral of the same name. A great num ber of literary people were present, among others Hon. Horace Greeley, who came out strong in the matter of clothes. He wadressed in the height of fashion, with tail coat kids, white cravat, dancing pumps, rose in his button hole, a bouquet in h hand and fairly drenched with patchoulinand and fairly drenched with patchouli.—
Of course he created an immense sensation when he kissed the bride. The marriage is a romantic one, inasmuch as the gentleman upon reading a poem by Mrs. Gliderslieve before he knew her, declared his intention of wedding the woman who wrote it. He traced her up, but her first husband was still alive. He waited matil that immediately was passed, but the lady was coy and weuld not marry because the name was Longstreet Smith. The Legislature changed the name to Smith Longstreet and hence the happy event of to-day, which has created an extraordinary interest in fashionable and literary circles.

HEART SENDING DEATH OF A BRIDE .evening. Mrs. Fannie Capp, wife of Benja min Capp, a farmer, was visiting at the house of her brother in-law, and in the evening she, in company with her sister, went out to saddle up her house, which was hitched to the fence with a rope halter, and having a kind of slip-neese on the end, through which she put her hand for the purpose of holding Decay of the Shipping Interest, Congressional inquiry into cause a sham—Radical Legislation—Frauds on the Revenue—Seizure of Tobacco at Memphis—Morton and Voorhees to open on Boutwell— The new Secretary of War—Gen. Grant and the Mississippi and Texas elections.

WASHINGTON CITY, Oct. 15, 1869. Editor Clarion: The first meeting of the Congressional committee on the causes of decay in American commerce, was held in New York yesterday. The Ship-owners' Association of that city, also held a meeting and will appear before the Congressional committee and give them their views on the subject. There will no doubt be considerable difference of opinion as to the manner of remedying the present complete pros-tration of our commerce, but all will agree

sec our flag flying on every sea.

The decline in our commerce had become so marked, that Congress, out of respect to public opinion, appointed a committee to inquire into the causes of it. The forming inquire into the causes of it. The forming of such a committee was a sham and a mockery, and they well know it. I do not propose to insult the intelligence of Congress, and God knows it is very ordinary, by intimating that they are ignorant that the decline in our commerce, that the prostration of the snip-building interest and the crushing or cripp ing of every branch of labor that interferes with the manufacturers of New England, or the coal and iron interests of Pennsylvania, is not the direct The Water Valley Eagle gives the following account of a most brutal murder that was perpetrated in that place recently:

On Sunday morning last, our entire community was shocked and horrifled on hearing of the murder of Mrs Patrick, an old lady, who had for the past two years been keeping a snack house on Main street, opposite the Depot. The circumstances so far as we have been able to learn them, in regard

Boutwell, or his policy, all to pieces Senator Mortion is not the only prominent Republican who will "speak a piece" on that subject. Hon D. W. Voorhees, of Indiana, one of the ablest members in Congress, will create a profound sensation, by an elaborate-ly prepared argument on the National debt and the manner of paying it, which will place the bondholders in rather a new light. There will be some rattling among the dry bones in Congress when Dan Voorhees opens upon the corrupt creatures who are owned by the bondholders.

did not lose the opportunity to misrepresent the most of the conservatives in the South Did Judge Dent hesitate or halt because General Gran: thought different with him on the subject? On the contrary his manly, dignified and truthful, yet most severe letter to the architend of Radicalism, Boutwell, who he well knew was the power he had to fight, won for him hosts of triends. They said here is a man who will fight for what he conceives to be right, his personal up the bondholders.

tors John F. Lewis, of Rockingham and John W. Johnston, of Washington county. They are both Virginians. Mr. Lewis was he candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and he candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and ed his ticket by over 2000 votes. Mr. Johnston is a nephew of General Joe Johnston The selections are creditable to the wisdom and good sense of the Legislature. L. H. Chandler and Dr. Sharpe, the Marshal of the District of Columbia, are the cancus nomnees of the "Bitter Enders," the same breed

inees of the "Bitter-Enders," the same breed as you have in Mississippi.

Twenty thousand dollars in ones, \$56,900 in twos, and \$200,000 in ten dollar notes of he new legal-tender currency were received at the printing bureau of the Treasury esterday. It will take about 10 days before hey are furnished and ready for circulation. General Grant's letter to Bonner, of New York Ledger and Dexter fame, has only York Ledger and Dexter fame, has quite flabbergasted" the Radicals. It was writflabbergasted the Radicals. It was written without consulting the high priests of the Radical Temple, i. c. the Treasury, and is looked upon not only with suspicion but tear. Of late, this is not the only matter in which the President has interfered, and that is why they look at this last act of independence with a sort of dread.

The "Bitter Enders" in the Cabinet have

pendence with a sort of dread.

The "Bitter-Enders" in the Cabinet have received repeated checks in their plans with regard to Texas, Mississippi and Virginia. The schemes which were concocted by them to give the State of Virginia into the hands of the Wells faction, aided by the Military Satrap General Canby, was frustrated by the direct interposition of the President. You in Mississippi may expect the same jugiling, fraud, and trickery in your reorganizing the State as was tried in Virginia by the scum of the country collected there for no injustice done you, he holding that it is not the place of the Executive to interfere in the elections except to see that none are wronged. This doctrine does not suit Radicalism, but now they can only wish and guash their teeth in their impotency—their day for evil is past. The special Cabinet as part of the constitution. This idea / cerns to be adopted by the "Autional Republican" session on Saturday occupied several hours.

tion only will frustrate the proposed villatry to gain pussession of the State, which if consumated would plunge Mississippl into a condition much worse than the rule of the bayonet or the diets of a military upstart who cares neither for the rights of the people or the claims of hummity. Bad as is the tyranny of the Satrap Amer, it would be mild compared with the rule of the vile crew who are now striving by fraud, deceit and lies to gain the much coveted prize.

Digra.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., Oct. 21, '69.

Texas advices received here are favorable to the election of Hamilton. His friends are working with a vim and vigor that betoken success.

The President has stated that he feels great satisfaction at the action of the Virginia Legislature in selecting men who can take the iron clad oath. Having ratified the 14th and 15th amendments, and complied in other respects with the reconstruction acts, he did not see any obstacle to her admission to representation in Congress, and the langest than the la in attributing it to the unwise and unfair legislation which hampers the shipping interest. Mr. Webb, the famous ship builder, says, "unless the present injurious laws weighing against the American ship-building interest are abrogated, it would be utterly impossible for American ship-builders to compete with those of Great Britain and Europe." Mr. Elwell stated as an evidence of the wretched condition in which American shipping now in this port is, contrasted with toreign marine, he discovered after careful inquiry that out of 60 cargoes now lying in this port, 43 were foreign, and 17 American, and of the 75 brigs now in port 44 carry foreign flags. Some of the gentlemen contended that all we want is such legislation as will cuable us to buy our ships abroad. Others ask to be put on a footing with the ship builders on the other side of the water, and we will once again as of old see our flag flying on every sea.

The decline in our commerce had become so marked, that Congress, out of respect with the reconstruction acts, he did not see any obstacle to her admission to representation in Congress, and me hoped there would be none. The defeated Wells crew may make some opposition to the reposition to representation in Congress, and me hoped there would be none. The defeated Wells crew may make some opposition to the reposition to representation in Congress, and me hoped there would be none. The defeated Wells crew may make some opposition to the reposit and insistion to representation in Congress, and me hoped there would be none. The defeated Wells crew may make some opposition to the admission of Virginia. But the Conservatives have the open and undisguised support of the President, despite my Loro the American ship-builders to onall the lie to the counter that the "Bit-ter-Enders" have circulated, that General is in sympathy with them.

It is currently reported here, and believed by those who are posted, that the Radical candidate for Autorney General is in the same fix, and consequently Judge Dent i the only l rhey are desperate. It is the last throw to retain power here, for greatly on the result of the election in Mississippi does the stability of Radical rule here depend. Defeated there they are gone up here, and may they never come down. You see I wish then well, is the earnest prayer of Yours, &c.,

decline in our commerce, that the prostration of the snip-building interest and the crushing or cripp ling of every branch of labor that interieres with the manufacturers of New England, or the coal and iron interests of Pennsylvania, is not the direct and natural result of that infamous system of class legislation which in the words of Commissioner Wells, is making the rich, richer and the poor, poorer." The Radicals in Congress know exactly what misery their protective tariff produces, but they are body and soul in the interest of these classes who are sould be contributed by offers of personal aggrandizement, or crushed by the insolence of power. Judg and soul in the interest of these classes who is rule the country through the power of their wealth.

I learn from the Internal Revenue Bureau that the firm of Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co., of Memphis, Tennessee, have had their to-bacco store and warehouse selzed for violation of the Revenue laws. Over 12,000 lbs. of tobacco was found on the premises not not stamped. The quantity selzed will amount to \$100,000.

It is well authenticated that Senator Morton, of Indiana, is preparing a speech on the finances, in which he proposes to tear Mr. Boutwell, or his policy, all to pieces Senator Morton, of Indiana, is preparing a speech on the finances, in which he proposes to tear Mr. Boutwell, or his policy, all to pieces Senator Morton, of Indiana, is preparing a speech on the finances, in which he proposes to tear Mr. Boutwell, or his policy, all to pieces Senator Morton, of Indiana, is preparing a speech on the finances, in which he proposes to tear Mr. Boutwell, or his policy, all to pieces Senator Morton, or indianal is preparing a speech on the finances, in which he proposes to tear Mr. Boutwell, or his policy, all to pieces Senator Morton, or indianal is preparing a speech on the finances, in which he proposes to tear Mr. Boutwell, or his policy, all to pieces Senator Morton, or indianal is preparing a speech of the course of Judge Dent, in counting and protecting t Washington, CITY, Oct. 23d, 1869. The Radicals here when they are not cursing about the appointment of General Belknap to the War Office, claim that he er; Virginia and Tennessee have spoken in the pointment of the war office, claim that he er; Virginia and Tennessee have spoken in the pointment of the war office, claim that he er; Virginia and Tennessee have spoken in the pointment of the war office.

The Radicals here when they are not ursing about the appointment of General Belknap to the War Office, claim that he was selected by the President specially for the purpose of crushing out Conservatism in Texas and Mississipply, and that Reynolds and Ames must see that it is done even if accessary to use their military power. That no doubt is the plan laid down by Boutwell and Wendell Phillips, who are now hard at work trying to thwart the reconstruction of Virginia by every possible trick. But the programme of the Ultras in the Cabinet with regard to Virginia, reason and Mississippl and the position, and these Radicals who claim the appointment of Belknap as their gill the third of the Cabinet with regard to Virginia Radicals, and the set and the programme of the Ultras in the Cabinet with regard to Virginia, reason and the Radicals in their attempts to usurpart who caim the appointment of Belknap as the lain the position, and these Radicals who claim the appointment of Belknap as the lain the position, and these Radicals who claim the appointment of Belknap as the lain the position, and these Radicals who claim the appointment of Belknap as the lain the position of parties to the "Bitter-Enders," are only whistling to keep their courage up.

With regard to Texas there will be no interference allowed by General Grant And as to Mississippi he has boldly committed of mississippi he has boldly committed of mississippi he has boldly committed of the Virginia Radicas, which has disgusted him and a portion of nis Cabinet. How much more honor or fariness could be expected from the same claim Mississippi? General Grant is deceived no longer by the specious Boutwell. Ho item in the Conservative ause. The development of it will be seen ere Congress meets.

Onserver.

Washington, Curry, D. C., Oct 19, 69.

The agony of the candidates for Senator of the Conservatives last night settled that question by selecting for United States Serion of Judge Dent, as standard-bearer in Mississippi, and the meet of the Mississippi. His

Editor Clarion: Permit me, through your me a matter of importance. By the proc-lamation of the President of the United to a separate vote is, "article 5, section 7, of sald constitution, which is in the following ing of the Proclamation aforesaid as appears by copy of the same both in the Clarion and National Republican. If this copy is authentic, it is clearly a wrong designation by the President. Wrong for two reasons:

1. An "article" is by this included in a section. Whereas by the Constitution, as published in pamphlet, sections are included in an "article" therefore, "article 5," cannot be included in sec. 7" 2. The part really intended to be submitted to a separate vote by the second specification of the Presidential Proclamation aforesaid, and which reads: The credit of the State shall not be pledged or leaned in aid of any person, association or corporation, nor shall the State hereafter become a stockholder in any corporation or association," is Article 12, Genidered as forming no part of said con-tion." (See close except tests clause.) ing the parts submitted to a separate vote.

Ordinance; Sections of the ordinance not

Place Crowded with Travellers—The Burnt District—New Odd Fellows Holl —The Mail Branching Of—Goodman— The Liverpool of Mississippl—Goodman Academy—The Central Star—Increasing Popularity of the Clarion—Cotton Crop Cut Short.

DMAN, Miss., Oct. 25th, 1869. Sunday last after attending divine wor ng an eloquent sermon from Rev. Dr. Hun Habakkuk: "But the Just shall live by His Faith"—and witnessing a practical demonstration of how efficient the Fire Department of Jackson is, by the rapidity with which they got ready to throw water upon Mrs. Barr's house, we wended our way to the Canton Depot carronte for Goodman. The platfort, was crowded with people of all classes and all shades. Everybody was waiting for the train, which was to be the first one in thirty-six hours since the break in the road by reason of the freshet in Bogue Chitto. Various were the motives which swayed each individual in the throng; but suffice it to say, each one felt that his or her dil was involved in going forward, and when the train arrived there was a perfect rush for it. Raphael Semmes' gallant crew never toarded a Yankee clipper with more alacrity than did these people the New Orleans train. Once aboard, every one composed himself or herself as well as possible, and was soon engaged in conversation with-omebody else or in taking observations as the beautiful train, and soon we landed in the goodly little city of Capton, to lepth that there was no train going up that evening; here was a grievous disappointment; what was to be done? The town had already quartered upon it two large trains of passengers from the Central, and but one regular hotel and two boarding houses in the place to hold us all; many were the projects submitted and as quickly rejected, for making the best of the situation. The tadles of our party (of which your correspondent had only four in charge,) were more easily reconciled than the gentlemen; they were willing to resign themselves to morpheus in the amenairs of the railroad sitting room at the depot, provided, we kept up good fires for them. but we concluded that something better could be done, so to town went our party, prospecting for odgings and board for the night. ter, upon the text, 4th verse, 2nd Chapter o Habakkuk: "But the Just shall live by His

that something better could be done, so to town went our party, prospecting for odgings and board for the night.

The hospitable mansion—boarding house—of Mrs. Sue Russell (formerly of Jackson) was soon reached, and though her house was more than crowded, too, our amiable and energetic little hostess made provision for the ladies, and gave us all a tip-top supper.

Empassant, I would particularly recommend the first-rate house which this excellent lady keeps. Your correspondent crowded in at Pearce's whose name is only a synonym for good eating and nice accommodations.

Canton is rapidly rebuilding her burnt districts with substantial brick edifices. The new Odd Fellows' Hall will be much larger than its predecessor, full 50 by 180 feet. Business is represented good, and the numerous new dwellings bear unmistakable evidences of the thrift and prosperity of the citizens of Canton. The town is considerably enthused at the prospect of a discontinuation. of the citizens of Canton. The town is considerably enthused at the prospect of a dit railroad to Vicksburg, for which connection the corporation agrees to give \$100,-000. Canton is blessed with two capital, live Weeklies—the Citizen and Mail. The tal-John K Yer weekles—the Citizen and Mail. The talented Junior Editor of the Mail, John Calhoon, Esq. branches off in a few days, in
the establishment of a Conservative Dent
organ at Holly Springs, where that prince of
good fellows, Col. Kinlock Falconer, of the
Reporter, like Banquo's ghost, will not
down, but still holds out for the unterrified
discovery when that parties
John K Yerger
H. B. Evans,
J L. Power,
Henry Muller,
Jacob Cohen,
Thos. Marion,
John G. Hines, imon-pure Democracy, when that party is entirely out of the present contest. Calboon is a good writer and will do much good in his new field. "May his shadow never grow less."

At the break o'day the snort of the iron horse brought us all out of our comfortable quarters, and it required but a short time to land us in this flourishing village—the Liverpool cotton market of Mississippi, for i will wager a new hat that Goodman can beat any place this side of Liverpool for round prices for cotton. How the deuce these Goodman merchants pay such figures for the flercy staple, is past the comprehension of one who has had a right sharp sad experience in dealing in the article. Goodman can boast of considerable trade just now; much cotton is coming in and greenbacks going out. The place is improving, and like Canton, it, also, is looking to a connection with Vicksburg by rail, via Yazoo City. The people of Goodman have laid the foundation of good morals and sound education by contributing between \$3.000 and \$4.000 towards the establishment of a good academy in their midst. It is in successful peration under the direction of that finished scholar and experienced teacher, Will H Magruder, Esq., editor of the Central Starding by-the-by the Star is rising rapidly; it has just added a large amount of material to its office, has a large circunation, and an indvertising patronage that requires the addition of a supplement. With Will Magruder in the editorial chair, and Dick Waipole to attend to the business of the paper, it is bound to shine where others may flicker out.

The Clarion is winning more popularity than ever for its royal detence of the cause of the people. Its trenchant articles arread with much gusto, and the lukewarm 'impracticables' are rapidly falling into line, under its sound reasoning and advice.

There is much cotton yet to pick out in the fields, but experienced planters say that At the break o' day the snort of the iron horse brought us all out of our comfortable There is much cotton yet to pick out in the fields, but experienced planters say that the early frost and heavy rains of the last ew days have cut off the cotton crop from one-fourth to one-third—there being a great nany young bolls which will now not com-

The Cotton Plunderers at Work The last Copiahan contains the follow

INFORTANT TO COTTON RAISERS.—The Board of Police of this county, on the 7th inst., passed the following: Board of Police of this county, on the inst., passed the following:

Ordered. That a levy of 50 per cent for county, 50 per cent for special 50 per cent for county, 50 per cent for special 50 per cent for poor, 12½ for school. 12½ for Probate Judge's salary purposes, be, and the same is hereby lavied upon the State tax, on each and every bale of cotton grown and produced in the county of Copuah, in the year 1869.

By the above, the laboring men of the county, white and black, are taxed seven bits for each bale of cotton raised, while office-holders, office-seekers, and loafers, go free. The negroes will yet be compelled to cry out, save us from such radical friends.

Alcorn on a Cold Trail.

the day.

On motion, all persons present in the meeting were invited to praticipated in its proceedings.

It was moved that the Convention proceedings.

It was moved that the Convention proceedings.

Col. Fitzgerald in behalf of the Tallahachie Delegation put in nomination the name of Col. Nat Howard.

Capt. M. C. Brady, nominated Capt. J. A. Polk of Panola.

On motion, all persons present in the meeting were invited to praticipated in its proceedings.

It was moved that the Convention proceed at once to the nomination of a candidate to represent this district in the next state Senate. Carried.

Col. Fitzgerald in behalf of the Tallahachie Delegation put in nomination the name of Col. Nat Howard.

Capt. M. C. Brady, nominated Capt. N. C. Taylor of Panola.

On motion the candidates named, present, were requested to withdraw.

alanche, writing from Tupelo, says: Alcorn's appointments here, and at Fulton, in Itawamba county, and other places in this region, were very slimly attended—even his "dear pets." the negroes, refusing to come out to hear bim. At Aberdeen, however, I understand he had a pretty large crowd, by accident, but instead of making any frieuds, repeiled some who were disposed to give him a favorable hearing.

The Oath of the Loyal Lengue. Every member of the Loyal League, on joining that order, takes a soiemn obligation "to hold and believe that secession is treason and all who voluntarily engaged in rebellion to be traitors." Furthermore, they pledged themselves "to support none for office, place or position, except those who have shown themselves throughout and treat the first blead and the first

THE CANVAGE. ENT MEETING AT JACKBON The Union Republicans and Conservatives of Jackson, met in the Senate Chamber last

aight.
On motion Judge A. R. Johnston, was called to the chair, and Frank Johnston and Harris Barksdale, were appointed Secretaries.

The Chair stated the object of the meeting to be the formation of a Dent Club and suggested the election of permanent officers. Gen. T. J. Wharton moved that Judge Johnston be elected President of the Club to be organized.

The motion being put by Gen. Wharton was carried unanimously. The motion being put by Gen. Wharton was carried unanimously.

Gen. T. J. Wharton moved that Geo. L. Potter. E. Barksdale and Jeffrey Washington be elected Vice Presidents; carried unanimously.

Col. Power moved that the present Secretaries be made permanent, and that Joshus Green be elected Treasurer. Carried.

It was then moved that a committee of three from each Ward in the City be appointed to receive names of persons who will join the Club and report at next meeting. Carried.

ing. Carried.
Capt. W. F. Fitzgerald moved that a committee of two from each Ward be appointed as the Executive Committee of the Club Carried.

The President stated that he would ansounce the Committees in the published proceedings of the meeting.

It was moved and carried that the Club meet Tuesday night of each week.

The following named persons were enrolled as members of the Club:

Joo D. Freeman,
J R Yerger,
J D Griffith,
G E Galceran,
Jam s Galceran,
J W Robinson,
Marion Smith,
E Steinberg,
D Ward,
G D Sidway,
John McDonnell,
J B. Bradford,
Thos. T. Persons,
B. Jones. Henry Strauss, H. Tavlor, H. F. Baley, C. P. Smith, B. Jones, John W. Fite, Julius Hilzheim, W. T. Holland. Wm J. Brown, Sr., Jos. McCloy. Oliver Clifton, J. M. Cain, J. Madison Rice,

Wm J. Brown, St.
A. Virden,
Wm. Lowe,
G. Roos,
Gus. Asher,
Thos. E. Helm,
Michsel Forester,
R. B. Batte,
Conrad A. Lusk,
S. French,
H. M. Taylor,
W. Hansberry,
Edward Scott,
James Priestly,
Geo. Lemon,
C. H. Farish,
J. B. Massie,
John Sharp,
C. T. Russell,
Will E. Spencer.
E. Barksdale,
Theo. Beaullieu,
J. S. Sizer, John J. Rohrbacker. J. S. Sizer, S. Zehnder, W. H. Johnson, A. Mizell, G. W. Langley,

J. L. Carter, R. S. Ludlow, J. D. Stewart, W. P. Harris, T. J. Wharton, Geo. S. Yerger, M. O'Brien, W. F. Fitzgerald, John Adams David Shelon, Geo. H Cant, J. L. Pierce, P. T. Feley. C. Haris,

Julius Cæsar, Jeffrey Washington, Joe Williams, A. Norgan, T. J. Pace, James Shelton, L. W. Sides, Wm. Gordon,
After addresses by A. R. Johnston, W. F.
Fitzgeral I. Geo, L. Potter, Julias Cæsar and
Joe Williams, see meeting adjourned until
the next regular meeting.
Pursuant to the foregoing Resolutions.
the Presidest of the Club has appointed the

matees to Enroll Members and Report as the Next Meeting. NORTH WARD. J. C. Julienne, Ch'n, Halsey Boyd. A. 1 Spengler. SOUTH WARD. James Tapley, Ch'n, John Taylor, Olive

John Nelson, Ch'n, James Monnahan, Ed Farrish Farrish
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Jacob Kausler, Ch'n, James H. Boyd,
Harry Tavlor, W. W. Wishart,
F. S. Hunt, Samuel French,
A. R. JOHNSTON, President. FRANK JOHNSTON, HARRIS BARKSDALE. Secretaries.

The Star of enterprise says Judge Louis Dent. candidate for Governor, on the Con-ser ative ticket addressed a large and at-tentive audience in that city, on Saturday the 16th. Gen. Lowry followed in a speech of about one hour and a half, and his effort was a very able one.

Senatorial District Convention. Pursuant to previous notice, the duly accredited Delegates from the counties of Tallahatchie and Panola, constituting the 24th Senatorial District of Mississippi, assembled in Convention at Sardis on Tuesday the 19th

in Convention at Sardis on Tuesday the 19th of October.

The Convention was called to order by Dr. A. I. Ellis of Panola county, on whose motion, Maj. L. P. Cooper of Panola was called to the chair, and Capt. F. W. Merrin of Tallahatchie, requested to act as Secretary.

On motion of Capt. N. C. Taylor. Col. I. M. Patridge was chosen Assistant Secreta-

Col. W. H. Fitzgerald of Tallehatchie was called to the stand and made a few pertinent and telling remarks upon the general issue of the day.

On motion, all persons present in the meeting were invited to praticipated in its proceedings.

On motion the candidates named, present, were requested to withdraw.

After some considerable discussion by Capt. Brady, Dr. Ellis. Col. Fitzgerald, Capt. Merrin, Esq. Short, Dr. Meek. Col. Partridge and Dr. Moore, on the availability, the merits and the qualifications of the acveral candidates the names of Capt. Polk and Capt. Taylor were withdrawn.

On motion of U. F. Short Esq. of Panols, Col. Nat Howard, was declared the nominee of the Convention, by aciamation.

On motion the chair appointed Col. W. H. Fitzgerald, Dr. A. J. Ellis and Freeman Randolph a committee to walt upon Col. Howard and notify him of his nomination.

The Committee soon returned and introduced Col. Howard to the convention who in a short but elequent speech expressed his

time and his of the Convention.

Capt. J. A. Polk was also called to the stand and in a brief speech expressed his full concurrence in the action of the Convention.

On motion the Tallahatchian and Pauola Star were requested to publish the proceedings of this Convention, and that the Casmon be requested to copy the same.

The objects of the convention having been accomplished. On motion it adjourned size die.

L. M. COOPER President.

F. W. Mannin Scoretary.

Second District Convention. OROLONA, Miss., Oct. 20rd 1869. Pursuant to adjournment, the Conserva-tive Convention for the Second Congres-sional District of the State of Mississippi, met for the purpose of nominating a candi-late for Congress in this District. The Con-vention was called to order by Col. Pryor. on whose motion, Dr. M. R. Fontaine, of Pontotoc, was called to the chair, and Thos. J. Denton, Esq., requested to set as Secre-tary.

vote on adjournment be retaken, and that it be by consties.

Yalobusha being the first called, Col. Pryor announced that he represented the cast their vote for the adjournment, when Gen. Tucker insisted that he and Hon. J. J. Deavenport held the proxies of five of the Yalobusha delegates, and cast them against edjournment, and also urged that Col. Pryor only represented himself as one of that delegation, which produced considerable discussion, in the midst of which Col. Pryor and the Monroe delegation withdrew from the Convention, when the remaining members, consisting of the Chickasaw and Pontotoc delegations and Gen. W. F. Tucker and Hon. J. J. Deavenport, proxies for five of the Yalobusha delegates, unanimously ratified and confirmed the nomination of Judge Wm. Kellogg, as made by the rominating convention of the National Union Republican party, held at Jackson, Miss.

On motion of fion. J. J. Deavenport the Corinth News, Southern Eagle, Aberdeen Total 53.773

Corinth News, Southern Eagle, Aberdeen Examiner, Okolonian, and Tallahatchian were requested to publish these proceedings On motion of Gen. W. F. Tucker, the Convention adjourned sine die.

M. R. FONTAINE Chairman. T. J. DENTON, Secretary.

Since the adjournment of this Convention Gen. Tucker and Judge Desvenport received the proxies of two more of the Yalobusha delegates, and of the entire delegation of Lee county, to vote for Judge Kellogg. Proceedings of the National Union Republican Convention of Ran-kin County, held at Brandon, Oct. 25th, 1860.

In pursuance of a call of the National Union Republican Executive Committee of Rankin county, the delegates of the several Beats met in Convention at the Court-house on Monday, the 25th inst.

On motion, A. J. Frantz, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Ed. Jack was requested to

on motion of Col. W. B. Shelby, a com On motion of Col. W. B. Shelby, a committee of one from each Beat was appointed to suggest sultable candidates for the lower branch of the state Legislature, whereupon the Chair appointed the following, to wit:

Beat No. 1—Wm. Mannery, (colored)

2—Col. W. B. Shelby, 3—Col. W. K. Kasterling, 4—Sam D. Rhodes, 5—Wm. Mangum. (colored)

when Geo. L. Potter, Esq., of Jackson, was introduced, and delivered a most elegant and convincing speech.

The Committee on nominations then returned and reported the names of Thos. S.

Maxey and Rev. Elbert Norman as their selections for Representatives. These nominations were halled with a round of applause.

and on motion they were declared the unanimous choice of the Convention. On motion a committee of three was ap-pointed to notify these gentlemen of their The following resolution, introduced by the Chairman of the committee on nomina-tions, was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we recommend Wm. Mannery, of this county, as one of the candidates for Senators from the district composed of the counties of Hinds, Rankir and Simp-

be instructed to vote for his nomination.

Thos. S. Maxev then came forward, and in an easy, graceful and eloquent manner, accepted the nomination, and pledged himself to do all in his power to secure equal and exact justice to all—both black and white. He was followed by Rev. Elbert Norman and Wm. Mannery, thanking the convention for the compliments paid them, and pledging their best exertions for the success of the conventions of the manner of the position of the remains of the Southern their best exertions for the success of the conventions on the manner of the success of the conventions on the manner of the battle field of Gettysburg.

David Willis, Esq., President of the Mational Cemetry Company, says in a letter to Gen. Fitzhugh Lee: "There has never been any action by the board of managers of the Soldiers National Cemetry Company in reference to the disposition of the remains of the Southern their best exertions for the success of the cause."

cause.

Maj. E. Barksdale was then loudly called for the interment of the remains of those for, and came forward and made an able and who fell in defence of the Union. telling speech.
On motion the President appointed five delegates to the Schatorial Convention to

meet at Jackson on Monday next, to-wit: Beat No. 1—Wm. Mannery, (colored)

" 2—E. J. Runnella.

" 3—H. P. Tinnin, 4-Alex Speer, 5-Dr. C. B. Norman.

On motion, the Brandon Republican, Jack-son Clarion and National Republican were the matter in hand." requested to publish the proceedings. On motion the meeting A. J. FRANTZ, President. ED JACK, Secretary.

Judge Dent and Gen. Lowry in South-East Mississippi.

The Conservative Union Republican Club of the Fifth Police District, at Bay St. Louis, has been joined by much the larger proportion of the citizens. T. e good work goes bravely on, and Judge Dent will receive a rousing vote in Hancock. Judge J. C. Monet is President of the Club, and Capt. Jao. Saucier its Secretary.—Bay St. Louis Gazette.

OCEAN SPRINGS, MISS., October 24th, 1869. Editor Clarion: Judge Louis Dent and

None can do it so well as old Republicans—
hose who have separated themselves from
he fladicals. Send us all the help of this
find you can. We have good reason to beleve we give a much larger vote to the ticka than district friends think.

Yours, Cryss.

Incendiary Touchings of the Ames-Alcorn Partimus. WHAT THEY PRONISE THE PRESDUCT Even the Pulpit is descended to their med

From the Natchez Courier. rention was called to order by Col. Pryor. on whose motion, Dr. M. R. Fontaine, of Pontotoc, was called to the chair, and Thos. J. Denton, Esq., requested to act as Secretary.

On motion, a Committee on Credentials was appointed consisting of Gen. W. F. Tucker, of Chickasaw, W. D. B. Hooper. Esq. of Monroe, Col. Pryor, of Yak busha, and Col. Hoy, who retired to examine credentials.

On the return of said Committee, it was an ounced that they could not agree upon a report. After some debate as to the validity of the proxies held by gentlemen, it was moved by W. D. B. Hooper Esq., that the Convention adjourn till 7½ o'clock, P. M. Motion lost.

It was then moved by Col. Pryor that the vote on adjournment be retaken, and that it It was then moved by Col. Pryor that the cals cannot make such laws, for if they could take the slaves away from their masters, they can take the lands too." This is the bstance of his remarks, and as far as possible in his own language.

Statistics of the War.

Joseph Jones, M. D., Secretary of the Southern Historical Society, has prepared a paper upon the losses of the Conjederate army, from battle, wounds, and disease dur-ing the war of 1861-5. The following gen-eral results of his investigation were submitted to General Cooper for examination and have been pronounced by him, according to his general recollection of the facts, to b nearly critically correct:

KILLED. WOUNDED, AND PRISONERS OF THE CONFEDERATE ARMY DURING THE WAR 1861-5 Wounded. 70 000

Total ... 53,773 194,026 902,283 It the deaths from disease be added, the sum total will represent the entire loss.
The returns of the field and general hos pitals are known for 1861 and 1862. Confederates killed in battle, 1861-2 ... 19.807 Deaths caused by wounds in field hos-

pitals, Deaths caused by wounds in general hospitale, Deaths caused by disease in field hos-2.618 pitals, Deaths caused by disease in general 16.741

Total prisoners in C. S. A., 1861-2... 51.072 Total discharged in C. S. A., 1861-2... 16,940

If it is fair to assume that the total mor-If it is fair to assume that the total mortality of 1863-4 was fully equal to that of 1862, then the total deaths in the Confederate army, 1861-5, was at least 160,000 exclusive of the deaths in Northern prisons, which would swell the number to nearly 185.000; and if the deaths amongst the discharged for wounds and diseases, and amongst the sick and wounded on furlough, be added, the grand total of deaths in the Confederate army, during the entire war, did not fail far help all would have been lost. short of 200,000.

The Federal loss was estimated at 1. 500,000.

The entire number of Federal troops under arms at the close of the war was one million. The number of Confederate troops, 100,000.

An appeal for the Removal of the Confederate Dead at Gettysburg. on board were lost but one. Mr. Fulkerso the pilot, and the carpenter were the only ones of the crew saved. By correspondence and other means it has brought to the special attention of of the Hollywood Memorial Association The steamer was run on a gravet bar, the of Richmond that over three thousand wade ashore on the bar, but at the end runs wade ashore on the bar, but at the end runs wade ashore the larger number were

cemetry Company in reference to the disposition of the remains of the Southern dead lying on the untue-near. In the dead. Other subscriptions will be made for destitute families.

It dead lying on the untue-near. In the dead. Other subscriptions will be made for destitute families.

State of Texas vs. Geo. Peabody, et al., pudge Paschal to-day obtained write of only long the interment of the remains of those who fell in defence of the Union.

"There should be something done with the remains of the Southern soldiers.—
There are about 600 marked graves, and these are fast becoming obliterated.—
Their names might be preserved and the remains gathered together into a cemetry or hurring remains gathered together into a cemetry.

The following Research is the hearing of the motion for a preliminary injunction. It is apprehended that Cof. Casy, collector of customs of New Orleans, with family, were aboard the Stonewall.

Mrs. Agnes Paschal, aged 34 years, one of the lawyolo-tion, died recently in Georgia.

The following Research is the hearing of the motion for a preliminary injunction:

It is apprehended that Cof. Casy, collector of customs of New Orleans, with family, were aboard the Stonewall.

The following Research is the hearing of the motion for a preliminary injunction:

Their trusted chief, Gen. Rob't E. Lee, whom they followed, and fighting under whose leadership they fell, approves the plan of removing their bodies to our own

The Hollywood Memerial Association Editor Clarion: Permit me to give you the results of the presence here of Judge Dent and Gen. Lowry. A public meeting was held at this place yesterday at which three gentlemen appeared. The expectation of the people was more than realized. The impression made by Judge Dent was very favorable indeed. The people regard him as an able man, and what is more, one who will rule for the good of the country, and not

To accomplish this purpose, means must be raised by the carnest efforts of

"Who bore the flag of our Nation's trust,
And fell in the cause, though lost, still just;
Gather the corpses strewn
O'er many a battle plain,
From many a grave that lies so lone,
Without a name and without a stone,
Gather the Southern slain."

MRS. GEO. W. RANDOLPH. MRS. R. E. LEE, MRS. J. L. CURRY,

be sent to Mrs. G. W. Randolph, Richmond, Va. Southern papers are respectfully requested to copy this appeal at once, and urge its claims upon the generous pub-

WENTN TOFF THE MER STONEWAL 280 PASSENGIES LOST!

> New Orleans Times. Caine, Oct. 28-10:150'clock - The Stone-rall, heavy laiden, from m. Lembs to New Griesna, burned last night at Tentable, eigh-Of three hundred and twenty persons con-stituting the erew and passengers, only for-ware believed to have been saved. All the Stonewall's officers are lost, excep-lilot Ed. Folkerson, Engineer Prazier, and A commission merchant of New Orlean saved the niece of Capt. Scott.

We condense from the Cairo Special to the

The fire caught from a candle dropped among the hay in the deck-room by a pas-I send you the that of those saved as far a Ed. Fulkerson, Pilos; Geo. Fulton. engineer; John H. Lyon, second engineer; the carpenter, name unknown; Philip Frisbee, boy; N. M. Masberg, Andrew Schultz, L. T. Sioan, Michael Marz, Mike Bresner, J. Sisore, D. Jones, Boone, of New Orleans, W. S. Cook, of Virginia, V. Cook, of Texas, W. S. Cook, of Virginia, V. Cook, of Texas, M. C. Swing, S. Herrin, T. Stevens, J. Conway, G. Edinburg, Lewis Perus, Geo. Perus, Nick. Perus, B. Peret and wife, N. H. Mashing, L. Swan, Jan. Schwarz, Herman Loususse, Phelps, of Shraveport, J. Conners, James Griffin, John Pearce, Dennis Moraricty, Dr. A. W. Washhurn, Dr. S. H. Innel T. H. Carroll,

Sr. Liurs, Oct. 28.—The details of the loss of the steamer Stonewall state that the vessel left St. Louis on Tuesday evening bound for New Orleans, heavily laden with passengers, horses, mules, hay, and other reight. The boat was burned to the water's edge. An effort was made to land, but the boat was so heavily laden that she could not reach nearer than 100 yards of the

The greatest confusion and terror prevailed. There was about 200 cabin and deck passengers on board, a large number of whom were women and children. The flames spread rapidly, and scores of men jumped into the water and attempted awim-The pilot, engineer, striker, carponter, and forty-lour passengers are known to have been saved.

The captain, clerks and other officers, an many passengers were lost. All the books and papers of the boat were lost, as were all the cattle and other freight. Many persons died after reaching the shore from exposure. All the vomen and children were lost, hearly, if not all of them being burned o death.

The conduct of the passengers and the officers is said to have been most herole. Such an appailing poene has not been witnessed Total deaths in the C. S. A., 1861-2... 55,477

Total wounded in C. S. A., 1861-2... 82,718

Total wounded in C. S. A., 1861-2... 82,718 51.072 to St. Louis.

of the Stonewall given the following infor-All that were lost were drowned-non-were burned. Of cleven women on board but three were sayed. There was but one yawl seen, and that was taken possession of by some of the deck passengers. The last seen of Capt. Scott he was double down the stream on a log. The people at Necly's A gentleman from Paducah, Ky., swam ashore with a lady, and at her sucresty returned to save her child, and in swimming ashore he was grasped by a drowning man and was compelled to shake him; one man was taken from the wreek sadly burned, that

he died on reaching the shore, Capt. Dowty of Shreveport, La, was saved. There were 130 cabin passengers, and crew, and a large number of deck passengers. All the ladica on board were lost but one. Mr. Fulkerson Another statement is, that the fire original

in February was fixed for the hearing of th The following item is furnished from a truthful source: Gen. Clark, and other Texaus and Mississippians have applied to the President to have the elections in those

States indefinitely postponed. They insist that the decision in the Yerrer case, and the certainty that Hamilton and Dent will carry the elections renders this necessary. It not probable that they will succeed.

It is stated that upon the assembling of

as an able man, and what is more, one who will rule for the good of the country, and not for the mere perpetuation of party. I have seldom listened to a more protound or eloquent address, and he gave evidence of statesmanship and patriotism that won for him the regard of a'l present.

He was followed by Gen. Lowry in one of the most effective stump speeches I every heard. I have never seen an audience more completely captured than was the assembly by the effects of these gentlemen.

The people are now avowed, and Jackson will do its duty. Cannot these gentlemen give us another appointment?

Gather the corpses stress.

To accomplish this purpose, means must be raised by the earnest efforts of the Confederate army, the survivors of the Confederate army, the mothers, and fathers, and fathers, and friends of the slain.

Every Southern State has representatives at Gettysburg. Will not active men and women, in every city and town and country at once volunteer to collect and send contributions;

In this way we may gather those

"Who bore the flag of our Nation's trust. And fell in the cause, though lost, still just;

And fell in the cause, though lost, still just;

Cather the corpses stressed. newspaper reports to the contrary notwithstanding. In the next report will be given
a detailed summary yield after find reports
are received and carefully examined.

Washington, Oct. 28.—The lawyers here
regard it certain that Yarger will be brought
to the bar of the Supreme Court.

The President has ordered that all commuications relative to Executive business, shall

nications relative to Executive business, shall be forwarded to the appropriate departments, otherwise no attention will be paid to them, Secretary Fish has issued a notice that no vacancies exist abroad in the State Depart-Communications and remittances may The Executive Committee of the Unio

General Bob Lowry spoke to a large and appreciative audience at Mossy Point, on the 22d inst., and at Biloxi, on the 23d.—
They are both in fine spirits.

Conservative.

For The Clarion.

Conservative.

For The Clarion.

Conservative.

Conservative.

For The Clarion.

Conservative.

Conservative committee of the Union Conservative the extremists of Mississipps and Texas.

Conservative.

Conservative chains upon the generous public.

Charles with a tonce, and the extremists of Mississipps and Texas.

Conservative.

Conservative conservative the extremists of Mississipps and Texas.

Conservative the extremists of Mississipps and Texas.

Conservative the extremists of Mississipps and Texas.

Conservation.

Conservation.

Conservation.

Conservation.

Conservation.

Conservation.

This year, however, the rust has been so bad that these rusted balls do not "crack."

A Burke planter came to this city last week, and purchased twenty-three little hammers, one for each of his pickers, and a gentleman from that asighborhood informs us Senstorial. District composed of Jefferson and Franklin counties. Capt. Schwing is a good speaker, and will conduct the canyass with ability. We have some hopes of electing him. We want all your aid in the premises.

We are gird to learn that Col. McCloy and Sergeant Williams are coming to our country. Our colored people need to be inspired with condidence in the Dent-Jeffords ticket. Mone can do it so well as old Republicans—

This year, however, the rust has been so be bad that these rusted balls do not "crack."

A Burke planter came to this city last week, and purchased twenty-three little hammers of the pickers, and when the pickers, and a gentleman from that asighborhood informs us that a lively hammering of the fourth option for a count bolls is now going on there. The hammer is hung in a case carried at the pickers side, and when a hard boll is encountered, a smart tap forces the casing open, and the cotion is thus secured. As strange as it may appear, we are informed that this is literally true.—Augusta (Ga.)

Chronicle.

This year, however, the rust has been so be defined that these rusted balls do not "crack."

A Burke planter came to this city last week, and unterpreted that Justice Swayne announced from his east distingtion in the Yerger and that is interested to the rustice little hammers, one for each of his pickers, and a gentleman from that asighborhood informs that a lively hammering of the countered, a smart tap forces the casing open, and the cotion is thus secured. As a countered, a smart tap forces the casing open, and the cotion is thus secured. As a countered, a smart tap force the casing open, and the cotion is thus secured. As a countered that the picker's side, and when a hard boll is encountered, a smart tap force and the countered of t

A man was arrested on Monday even ing for obtaining refreshment at a saloon on St. Charles street, New Orleans, and refusing to pay for the same. At the station he gave his name as Johnny Comedown, fourteen years old oven in the station he gave his name as Johnny Comedown, fourteen years old oven in the station he gave his name as Johnny Comedown, fourteen years old oven in the considered funding setting of the total control of the contr